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1860 Comp.

THE DeWITT COUNTY TRUE REPUBLICAN.

A FREE PRESS MAKES A FREE PEOPLE.

VOL 1. CLINTON, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1860. NO.4.

True Republican.

CLINTON, ILLS., AUGUST 30, 1860.

Agents for the Republican.

The following named gentlemen are authorized and respectfully requested to act as agents for procuring subscriptions to the *Republican* and collecting moneys due this office, in their respective localities:

L. Rathbun, Santa Anna, Ills.;
J. J. Kelly, DeWitt, Ills.;
J. W. Pomfret, Wapella, Ills.;
John Booth, Waynesville, Ills.;
Decatur Pool, Clinton, Ills.;
M. W. Boyd, Creek, Ills.;
Abraham Parker, Texas, Ills.;
J. S. Kirkpatrick, Harp, Ills.;
E. Griffin, Tunbridge, Ills.

At a meeting of the Republican Central Committee of DeWitt county, held on Saturday, June 21st, 1860, the following resolution was offered by Mr. Kelly, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That reposing confidence in B. T. Jones & Co., whose proposal to print a new paper in our county is now before us, to be styled *The DeWitt County True Republican*, we cordially endorse the new paper as the organ and exponent of the Republican party of DeWitt county, and will exert ourselves to extend its influence and circulation.

Look to the Legislature.

The importance of earnest, unceasing effort on the part of our friends in the close legislative districts, cannot be overestimated. The policy of our Stat legislation for ten years to come, will depend upon the political complexion of our next Legislature. If the Douglas men should be in the ascendancy in that body, they will so district the State as to retain control of the Legislature until 1865, with the advantage in their favor for doing the same thing again in 1870; and they will fill the place of Lyman Trumbull in the United States Senate with some such material as Matteson or Ficklin, whose only claim to distinction consists in their servile devotion to Douglas through all his pandering to the Slavery Oligarchy. That the electoral vote of Illinois will be given to Lincoln by a triumphant majority, is no longer a matter of doubt; but the experience of 1858 proves that while the popular majority in the state may be largely on our side, the Legislature, owing to our unfair apportion, may be against us. We can, however, overcome this disadvantage with the proper exertion; and we are glad to know that the determination to make it exists in the right quarters. The following from the Missouri *Democrat* in relation to this subject, is but an echo of the feeling that pervades the Republican ranks throughout the state:

As far as Lincoln is concerned, the Republicans of Illinois might lay down their arms to-morrow, for the electoral vote is secure for him. But it would be an imperfect victory if Trumbull should fail of a re-election, and hence the heat of the contest in the doubtful counties and closely balanced Senatorial districts. The fact of Lincoln's triumph being certain, renders the re-election of Trumbull all the more desirable, for the new President will find it highly advantageous both to his Administration and the Republican party, to have a Senator from his own State, of great ability, and withal a trusty and zealous friend, in the Senate as a champion of his policy. In research, sagacity, logical force, and devotion to the labors which the discharge of the Senatorial duties exacts, Judge Trumbull is inferior to none, and superior to most of his colleagues. *We should consider it a serious drawback on a national Republican victory* if the State which he has so nobly served for so long a period, should permit him to be cheated out of a re-election, through the dishonest distribution of political power, effected by the last Douglas gerrymandering experiment. On a popular vote he would unquestionably receive a majority of the suffrages of the State, but an Illinois Legislature is no correct exponent of Illinois sentiment, for the party which is numerically the weaker has an excessive representation through the dishonest contrivances of a party which pretends to worship popular sovereignty and the right of the majority to rule.

But we are glad to learn that with all the disadvantages to be encountered, the universal belief is, that the swelling tide of Republicanism will carry Trumbull as well as Lincoln triumphantly on its crest over all the dishonest barriers erected by the Douglas faction to resist the tide.—Yet the case is such that his friends can afford to relax no effort for the remaining ten weeks of the canvass. The victory were but half a victory if the Legislature should not be carried as well as the popular vote.

☞ Senator Dixon, in a late meeting in Connecticut, said we were especially fortunate in our candidates, possessing as they did, the faith of Abraham and the courage of Hannibal.

READ THIS DMOCRATS.

[Extract from a speech delivered by O. F. McNeill, at Middleport, July 26th, 1850.]

As the Douglas Democracy are attempting to practice upon the American people *a base fraud*, through the *false issue* which they are presenting, by endeavoring to make them believe that Douglas and his party are in favor of "the people governing themselves," we propose, truthfully, honestly, and unanswerably, to expose their deception and hypocrisy.

IT IS NOT IN THE KANSAS NEBRASKA BILL.

The stump speech which Benton said was "injected into the belly of that bill," by Stephen A. Douglas, to explain its "true intent and meaning," is as follows:

"The people of the Territories shall be left perfectly free to regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the constitution of the United States."

This, upon its face, was intended to make the people believe that the people of the territories, while in a territorial condition, had the right to exclude slavery, but the author of that bill, knowing that the Supreme Court had been placed in the power of the slave interests and prostituted to a party machine by Tyler and Calhoun, this "subject only to the Constitution" was the mental reservation by which the people were to be deprived of the right by a decision of the Supreme Court, denying to the people of the territories the right to exclude Slavery, which was done in the Dred Scott case which followed in due time. This is the reason why the Hon. A. H. Stephens, of Georgia, who is now supporting Douglas, said in his letter which was republished in the Middleport Press and endorsed by the editor of that paper, that "the doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty is not in the Kansas Nebraska Bill.

IT IS NOT IN THE CINCINNATI PLATFORM.

The resolution in the Cincinnati Platform adopted by the Democratic party in 1856, which that party claims as embodying the doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty is in the following words:

Resolved,—That we recognise the right of the people of all the Territories, including Kansas and Nebraska, acting through the legally and fairly expressed will of actual residents and whenever the number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a Constitution with or without slavery, and be admitted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality with the other States."

This resolution gives the people of the territories the right to determine the slavery question at no other time than at the time they form their State Constitutions and are admitted into the Union. This is a right which no one ever denied, and the Republican party, in their Chicago Platform, are pledged to it in the resolutions upon State rights. The whole history of our government shows that new States have always been admitted with or without slavery, just as they determined that question at the adoption of their State Constitutions. This resolution was then intended only as a bait to catch fools with by making them believe that the Democratic was the only party in favor of that right.

IT IS NOT IN THE BALTIMORE PLATFORM.

The rump faction which nominated Stephen A. Douglas, at Baltimore, unanimously adopted the following resolution upon this question, which Gov. Wickliffe, of Louisiana, said would give Douglas 40,000 votes in that State:

"*Resolved*,—That it is in accordance with the Cincinnati Platform, that during the existence of Territorial Governments the measure of restriction, whatever it may be, imposed by the Federal Constitution on the power of the Territorial Legislature over the subject of the domestic relations, as the same has been or shall hereafter be decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, should be respected by all good citizens, and enforced with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the General Government."

This is the "concession" which Douglas advised his friends in the Convention "to make to the South in the platform," after a consultation with Soule of Louisiana. By accepting the nomination upon this platform, "the right of the people to govern themselves," and pledges himself if elected President, to "enforce with promptness and fidelity by every branch of the General Government," the Dred Scott Decision, and any and all corrupt decisions which any corrupt Court may hereafter make and compel the people to be governed by *the Supreme Court*, even against their will! As President he would have the control of the army, the appointing of the Governors of the Territories and the Judges of the territorial Courts, and it is easily seen in what manner he proposes to "enforce" that doctrine! Here is a base, open and publicly avowed purpose to force Slavery upon the territories whether the people are willing or not! This is Douglas *Squatter Sovereignty!* Whenever the people will submit to placing their liberties in the hands of a Jeffries, or even nine mummy Judges, the Chief of whom is a *Catholic Jesuit*, then may it be said that our Republican Institutions are gone!

IT IS NOT IN THE DRED SCOTT DECISION.

The Dred Scott decision which Douglas and the Rump Faction of the Democracy pledge themselves "to enforce with promptness and fidelity," is as follows:

3d. "Every citizen has a right to take with him into the Territory any article of property which the Constitution of the United States recognises as property."

4th. "The Constitution of the United States recognises slaves as property, and pledges the Federal Government to protect it. And Congress cannot exercise any more authority over property of that description than it may constitutionally exercise over property of any other kind."

This decision carries Slavery into all the territories and "pledges the Federal Government to protect it—makes it the duty of Congress to pass a slave code for the territories!

IS IT NOT IN THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

That party after proposing to submit the Slavery question to the people of the territories, attempted to impose the Lecompton Constitution upon Kansas in direct opposition to the known will of the people, and failing in that, they offered that territory a bribe to accept it.—When Kansas and Nebraska passed laws excluding Slavery, the two Democratic Governors of those territories, Medary and Black, appointed by that party, vetoed those laws. When Kansas formed a Free State Constitution and knocked at the door of the Union, a Democratic Senate refused her admittance. Both of the Democratic Factions, at Baltimore, showed their opposition to Squatter Sovereignty by the adoption of platforms in opposition to it; and the Douglas Faction nominated Benjamin Fitzpatrick for Vice President, knowing that he had voted for the Lecompton Bill and was in favor of a Slave Code, and Fitzpatrick declining the honor, they put Hershel V. Johnson in his place, who is in favor of a slave code, and also in favor of making slaves of white men!

When Parson Brownlow Will Join the Democrats.

An Arkansas correspondent, who probably wanted to "wake up," Rev. Mr. Brownlow, of the Knoxville [Tenn.] *Whig* wrote to the latter stating that he had learned with pleasure upon what "he considered reliable authority," that Mr. Brownlow was about to join the Democrats, and asked for the probable date of that interesting occurrence. Mr. Brownlow gave the date, or at least data of the date as follows:

"Knoxville, Aug. 6, 1860.

"Mr. Jordan Clark:—I have your letter of the 30th ult., and hasten to let you know the *precise time* when I expect to come out and formally announce that I have joined the Democratic party.—When the sun shines at midnight, and the moon at midday—when man forgets to be selfish, or Democrats loose their inclination to steal, when nature stops her onward march to rest, or all the water courses in America flow up stream—when flowers loose their odor, and trees shed no leaves—when birds talk and beasts of burden laugh—when damned spirits swap hell for heaven, with the angels of light, and pay them the boot in mean whiskey—when impossibilities are in fashion, and no proposition is too absurd to be believed, you may credit the report that I have joined the Democrats.

"*I join the Democrats!*—Never, so long as there are sects in churches—weeds in gardens—fleas in hog-pens—dirt in victuals—disputes in families—wars with nations—water in the ocean—bad men in America, or base women in France—No, Jordan Clark, you may hope, you may congratulate—you may reason—you may sneer—but that cannot be. The thrones of the Old World—the court of the Universe—the governments of the world, may all fall and crumble into ruin—the New World may commit the national suicide of dissolving this Union, but all this must occur before I join the Democracy!

"*I join the Democracy!*—Jordan Clark you know not what you say—when I join the Democracy, the Pope of Rome will join the Methodist Church—when Jordan Clark, of Arkansas, is President of the Republic of Great Britain, by universal suffrage of a contented people, when Queen Victoria consents to be divorced from Prince Albert by a county court in Kansas—when Congress obliges, by law, Jame Buchanan to marry a European Princess—when the Pope leases the Capitol at Washington, for a city residence—when Alexander of Russia and Napoleon of France are elected Senators in Congress from New Mexico—when good men cease to go to heaven or bad men to hell—when this world is turned upside down—when proof is afforded, both clear and unquestionable, that there is no God—when men turn to ants, and ants to elephants, I will change my political faith, and come out on the side of Democracy!

"Supposing that this full and frank letter will enable you to fix upon *the period* when I will come out a full-grown Democrat, and to communicate the same to all whom it may concern in Arkansas,

"I have the honor to be, etc.,

W. G. Brownlow."

Stephen in Search of his Mother.

A PLAINTIVE POEM, BY SQUIBOB.

Why did I down to Hartford go?
'Twas not my squatter self to show;
I went to hunt, I told you so,
My Mother.

To Wo'ster, Boston, Bunker Hill,
Cambridge, Charleston, Springfield, yet still,
I went to search, with a good will,
My Mother.

To clam-bake down in Rhody State,
Throughout Vermont and Maine, my fate
Was hunting thee early and late,
My Mother.

I hunted for thee North and South,
With open eye and gaping mouth,
Through heat and cold, the rain and drouth,
My Mother,

Vain at every railroad station,
Was my usual proclamation
Made by me before the nation,
My Mother.

That I was only hunting thee,
The people said they came to see,
And would not let me silent be,
My Mother.

But out of me they would betray,
That same old speech from day to day,
And keep thee from me long away,
My Mother,

At length I hope I shall thee find,
For thou hast been a useful blind,
That I might often speak my mind,
My Mother.

I have betrayed myself I see
The people have been fooling me,
I must in shame take leave of thee,
My Mother.

Popular Sovereignty Defined.

READ! READ! READ!

It is part of the history of the country that under this doctrine of non-intervention, this doctrine that you delight to call squatter sovereignty, the people of New Mexico have *introduced* and *protected* slavery in the *whole of that Territory.*—Under this doctrine the have *converted* a tract of *free territory* into *slave territory* more than *five times the size of the State of New York.* Under this doctrine, slavery has been extended from the Rio Grande to the Gulf of California, and from the line of the Republic of Mexico, not only up to 36 deg. 30 min. but up to 38 deg. *Giving you a degree and a half more slave territory than you ever claimed.*

In 1848 and 1849 and 1850, you only asked to have the line of 36 deg. and 30 min. The Nashville Convention fixed that as its ultimatum. I offered it in the Senate in August, 1848, and it was adopted here, but rejected in the House of Representatives. You asked only up to 36 deg. 30 min., *and non-intervention has given you slave territory up to* 38 deg.—a degree and a half more than you asked; and yet you say that this is a sacrifice of Southern rights.

These are the fruits of this principle which the Senator from Mississippi regards as hostile to the rights of the South. Where did you ever get any other fruits that were more palatable to your tastes or refreshing to your strength? What other inch of free territory has been converted into slave territory on the American continent, since the Revolution, except in New Mexico and Arizona, under the principle of non-intervention affirmed at Charleston? If it be true that this principle of non-intervention has conferred upon you all that immense territory; has protected Slavery in that comparitively northern and cold region, where you did not expect to go, cannot you trust the same principle further South, when you come to acquire additional territory from Mexico, which was surrounded on nearly every side by free territory? Will not the same principle protect you in the Northern States of Mexico when they are acquired, since they are now surrounded by slave territory; are several hundred miles further South; have many degrees of greater heat; and have a climate and soil adapted to Southern products? Are you not satisfied with these practical results?—*Douglas' Speech in the Senate, May 16th*, 1860.

The First Wedding.—Major Noah thus pleasantly and philosophically discourses on the first wedding. He says: We like the short courtships, and in this Adam acted like a sensible man—he fell asleep a bachelor, and woke to find himself a married man. He appears to have popped the question almost immediately after meeting Miss Eve, and she without flirtation or shyness gave him a kiss and herself. Of that first kiss in the world we have ever had our own thoughts however, and sometimes in a poetical mood, wished we were the man that did it. But the deed is done—the chance was Adam's and he improved it. We like the notion of getting married in a garden. Adam's was private. No envious aunts and grunting grandmothers. The birds of the heavens were the minstrels, and the glad sky flung its light upon the scene. One thing about the first wedding brings queer things to us in spite of its scriptural truth. Adam and his wife were rather young to marry; some two or three days old according to the sagest elders, without experience, without a house, a pot or kettle; nothing but love and Eden.

From the Chicago Press and Tribune.

A Remarkable Speech.

The subjoined speech, made by Stephen A. Douglas in the U. S. Senate on the 17th of may, we have never seen in any other paper than the Washington Globe, for which it was reported, and in which every man who takes an intererest in politics would do well to read. It was made subsequently to the two-day effort of its author in May, and was fished out by the presistent catechism of Jeff Davis, who was determined that Douglas should no longer skulk behind unmeaning generalities. It will be seen by this unwilling confession that Mr. Douglas *repudiates Popular Sovereignty*, acknowledges that the people of a Territory cannot set up a government for themselves and can exercise no political rights except such as are obtained through the *Organic Act of Congress!* He in effect justifies the action of those Democrats who voted against Eli Thayer's bill proposing to give to the inhabitants of Dakotah, Arizonia, Jefferson, and Nevada, the right to choose their own Territorial rulers and elect Territorial Delegates to Congress. His doctrine would have even excluded California as a State, because the People did not go through the form of a Congressional Territorial organization. If anything was needed to convict Mr. Douglas of the most shameless inconsistency, and cause every honest adherent in his ranks to forsake him in disgust, it is superabundantly furnished in this brief Senatorial speech. It ought to be posted up in the same frame with the letters of Fitzpatrick and Johnson in favor of a Slave Code. Let everybody read it:

Mr. Douglas.—Regarding Squatter Sovereignty as a nickname invented by the Senator and those with whom he acts, which I have never recognised, I must leave him to define the meaning of his own term. I have denounced Squatter Sovereignty when you find it setting up a government in violation of law, as you do now at Pike's Peak. I denounced it this year. When you find an unauthorized Legislature, in violation of law, setting up a government without sanction of Congress or court, that is Squatter Sovereignty which I oppose. There is the case of Dakotah, where you have left a whole people without any law, or Territorial organization with no mode of appeal from Squatter Courts to the United States Courts to correct their decisions—that is Squatter Sovereignty in violation of the Constitution and laws of the United States. There is a similar government set up over a part of California and a part of the Territory of Utah, called Nevada.

It has a delegate here, claiming to represent it. I have denounced that as unlawful. I am opposed to all such Squatter Sovereignty. If that is what the Senator referred to, I am against it. All I say is, the people of a Territory, when they have been organized under the Constitution and laws, have legislative power over all rightful subjects of legislation, consistent with the Constitution of the United States. That is the language of the law, and if they exercise legislative powers on any subject inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States, the Courts, to whom appeal may be taken under the laws will correct their errors.—That is all.

Gwin—I ask the Senate whether he says the people of California set up a Squatter Sovereignty like that of Pike's Peak.

Douglas—I state this: I see from the newspapers, and suppose it to be true, that an organization has been set up in Carson Valley called Nevada Territory and the people have elected a Governor.

Gwin—That is in Utah Territory.

Douglas—Yes; but it is said a portion of the settlers are over in the line in California and some in Utah, but it matters not, it does not change the effect, for if it all be in Utah, it is an act of rebellion against the Territorial Government, established by the Government. That is the Squatter Sovereignty I am against.

The South prefers Lincoln to Douglas. The Chicago *Press and Tribune* of Aug. 10th prints an extract from a private letter written by an influential and intelligent gentleman in Kentucky, to a prominent gentleman in Chicago. In it we find the following relative to Southern opinions of Lincoln's election and conduct when in power:

"It may seem strange to you, but it is nevertheless true that *the south looks to the election of Lincoln by the people and would prefer him to Douglas.* Our most ultra Southern men seem to respect him, and to have confidence in his honesty, fairness and conservatism. They concede that he stands on a moderate platform, that his antecedents are excellent, and that he is not likely to invade the rights of any one; but they cant vote for him because he holds opinions relative to the right of slavery in the Territories directly opposite to the Southern view. Still he is an open and candid opponent and therefore commands Southern respect.

Drought in Southern Illinois.—Reports from Southern Illinois represent that the drought has placed the corn crop beyond redemption. In Richmond and Clay counties not half a crop will be gathered. The stalks and leaves, six weeks ago, looked splendid, but the leaves have failed to mature on account of the extreme dry weather.

In the western and central portions of the State the crop looks magnificent.

Partisan Misrepresentation.

The Baltimore *Patriot*, a Bell-Everett paper of great ability, in conceding the election of Lincoln and Hamlin, makes the following observations on the shamelessness of certain partisan presses, every word of which we heartily endorse:

The Saturnalia of the partisan press is in full blast again, after a four years' rest, and though it is not yet quite so abandoned, so lost to all sense of shame, as it was in the last Presidential canvass, it is evidently destined to surpass it in ferocity as the conflict wears apace, for the reason that there are more hostile elements at work.

The worst feature of the canvass, so far, is the bald and wilful misrepresentation by the Democratic and Union partisan presses, of the real strength of their candidates in States, where an untruth will serve to conceal their paucity of numbers. A few examples will suffice in illustration of this policy.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer*, a Douglas paper, is daily filled with the barefaced falsehood, in every possible form, that Mr. Breckinridge will not have a single vote in Ohio, and that the little giant will carry that State by at least 100,000 majority. The Boston *Courier*, a Bell paper, with almost as shameless a perversion of the truth, gravely assures us, that Douglas and Breckinridge will not get a single vote in Massachusetts, and that Bell and Everett will triumph in that State by an uncountable majority.—The Albany *Atlas*, a Douglas paper, is continually announcing to the world, that its candidate will, beyond the possibility of a doubt, sweep New York from the Lakes to Montauk Point, especially since they have swallowed up the Bell party of the Empire State. The Philadelphia *Pennsylvanian*, a Breckinridge journal, resounds every morning with the false intelligence, that the old Key-Stone will declare for Breckinridge by not less than 50,000 majority over both Douglas and Lincoln. The Washington *Constitution*, the Buchan-Breckinridge central organ, reproduces every day the boastings and misrepresentations of its affiliating cotemporaries, and administers them to the reader in copious doses, and if we are to believe that graceless sheet, the election of Major Breckinridge is placed beyond the remotest doubt—nay, he will carry every one of the States, and he who questions its conclusions, is both a knave and a fool.

In fine, one seeks almost in vain amongst the thousand and one newspapers of the country for sober and sound political statements—statements in which the wish is not father to the thought, in which falsehood and exaggerations do not form their staple. And the excuse for adopting this policy, is, that a lie is as good as the truth for influencing public opinion. Putting aside the iniquity of this plea, as a thing that does not trouble the conscience of the mere politician, there is no graver fallacy than this in the whole theory and practice of politics.—A lie any where never can work a good result; it always carries with it its retaliating compensation. It was the practice of this system of blowing up one's own balloon with self-coined falsehoods, that defeated Mr. Clay in 1844. His presses cried Victory! till they were hoarse, when all the while the enemy were sweeping them from the field.

Whig victories and Whig lies were synonymous in former days, and used to be the laughing stock of the enemy.—Even the *Patriot* used to call down curses upon its head from the bolting chevaliers, who reposed confidence in its statements; but it was no worse than its cotemporaries. And now, because it will not persevere in this practice, and repeat from day to day the wanton falsehood, that Bell and Everett are going to defeat Lincoln and Hamlin in all the free States, a squad of place hunters in Baltimore got up a crusade against it, denounce it as untrue to the interest of the ticket it voluntarily supports, and in this warfare against a journal that is daily doing more for the cause of Colonel Bell than all of his presses besides, they are countenanced by such prostituted sheets as the Louisville *Journal*, the Nashville *Banner*, the Memphis *Enquirer*, the New York *Express*, the Boston *Courier*, and their hosts of penny-whistle-tenders, which have not brains enough to do ought but squeak out what they hear from their superiors. But let them howl on—we shall not suppress the truth, even though it makes against our cause.

We notice that the calm consciousness of coming victory, that used to preside with so much dignity over the columns of the Democratic as well as the Harrison and Taylor papers in former Presidential battles, has deserted the former, and transferred its seat to the columns of the Republican journals, and only now and then do we come across a Democratic paper that contemplates defeat with any thing like resignation and serenity.

☞ Judge Wilson of Chicago, has written a letter urging Americans to vote for Lincoln. He has been a prominent member of the American party, but now says he can not see the least chance for Messrs Bell or Everett should the election go to the House.

71.2009.085.20013

True Republican.

CLINTON, ILLS., AUGUST 30, 1860.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HANNIBAL HAMLIN,
OF MAINE.

Presidential Electors.

AT LARGE:
LEONARD SWETT, of McLean.
JOHN M. PALMER, of Macoupin.
DISTRICTS:
1. A. C. FULLER, of Boone.
2. WM. B. PLATO, of Kane.
3. LAWRENCE WELDON, of DeWitt.
4. WM. P. KELLOGG, of Fulton.
5. J. STARK, of Hancock.
6. J. C. CONKLING, of Sangamon.
7. H. P. H. BROMWELL, of Coles.
8. T. G. ALLEN, of Randolph.
9. JOHN OLNEY, of Gallatin.

FOR GOVERNOR,
RICHARD YATES,
OF MORGAN COUNTY.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN.
OF DuPAGE COUNTY.

Auditor—JESSE K. DUBOIS.
Secretary of State—O. M. HATCH.
Treasurer—WM. BUTLER.
Sup't Public Instruction—N. BATEMAN.

FOR CONGRESS,
HON. OWEN LOVEJOY,
OF BUREAU COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR, 16TH DISTRICT,
RICHARD J. OGLESBY,
OF MACON COUNTY.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, 30TH DISTRICT,
LAWRENCE WELDON,
OF DEWITT COUNTY.

FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY,
WARD H. LAMON.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK,
DECATUR POOL.
FOR SHERIFF,
BARZILLA CAMPBELL.
FOR CORONER,
WILLIAM HULL.

Grand Mass Meeting,

AT MT. PULASKI.

On Saturday, Sept. 1, 1860. SENATOR TRUMBULL, and CARL SHURZ, the eloquent German orator, will address the people at Mt. Pulaski, Logan County. Let the people of DeWitt send down a roaring delegation!

A Convention in Clinton!

We presume it will be news to the most of our readers, as we know it is to the Democrats hereabouts, to be informed that a Convention, to put in nomination somebody, who will be badly beaten by Weldon, in this Representative district, is to be held at at this place to-day. Gorin, Gus Smith, Bradsby and a preacher from Macon county, are here; but we have seen no delegates from Piatt Champaign or DeWiitt.

Bring out your candidate, gentlemen! we are eager for the fray!

It Don't Go Down?

The Bell and Everett men of New York almost in a body split upon the unholy coalition by which the wire-pullers have bargained to sell them out to the Douglasites. They are coming out boldly for Lincoln and Hamlin all through that state. The Republican majority will be increased by the attempted trade.

The supporters of Breckinridge and Lane of the Eight Congressional District met in Convention at Lebanon Ills., on Tuesday last, to nominate candidates for the ensuing election. Some fifteen or twenty delegates were present. Dr. W. D. Green of Jefferson county was chosen as their candidate for Congress, and Martin Kurtz of Madison county for State's Attorney in the Twenty-fourth Judicial District. After the business of the Convention was transacted, speeches were made by Dr. Thomas Hope of Alton, and Hon. John Dougherty of Union country.

☞ The Republicans of the Vermillion and Ford Representative District, who have been quarrelling about their nominee for Representative, we are glad to know, have amicably settled all difficulties, by the withdrawel of Mr. HARMON, Mr. Samuel F. CRAIG, is the man selected as the candidate, in place of Mr Harmon.

SUPERVISORS COURT.—The new Board of Supervisors, commences its session on the second Monday in September, instead of the first, as stated in our last number.

THE Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, of New York, the great leader of the Hards—and the "head devil" of the Breckinridge party in that State—has, we are informed, engaged to make a tour on the stump through the Northwest. Several appointments are to be made for him on the stump in Ohio and Indiana.

Hon Thomas Snell.

"A National Democrat," writing from this place to the Douglas *Shield* gives the following notice of our worthy fellow citizen THOMAS SNELL, Esq. Though a little "overdrawn" in regard to Mr. Snell's political abilities and influence every word as to his benevolent disposition, is true. Mr. Snell as the nominee of the National wing of the Old Democratic Buzzard, for Lieutenant Governor, is an eminently fit nominee for such a party. An uncompromising pro-slavery man, he publicly avows himself in favor of the extension of slavery—says he believes it a benign and beneficent institution, and would have it established in the free State of Illinois if he had the power! He further says in his political harangues that the blackest negro in the Union, would receive his vote in preference to Stephen A. Douglas for President. And yet we doubt not this fellow will receive several thousand votes for the office to which he aspires:

CLINTON ILLS., AUG. 26, 1860.

Editors Douglas Shield.—The national wing of the harmonious Democracy met at Springfield, on the 11th of July last, to appoint Electors, nominate a State ticket, and do such business as is usual for State Conventions to transact. It is represented as being large and enthusiastic composed of delegates from all the counties in the State, who came at the bidding of their constituents, to rebuke the great Sectional Agitator, "Stephen A. Douglas." It was composed of some of the ablest and best men of the Democratic party in the State. Among the list of candidates nominated, we find the names of Judge Purple, Thompson Campbell, Dr. Hope, and last, but not least, the name of the unwavering, sleepless, active, vigilant, consistent Democrat Hon. Thomas Snell, of DeWitt County, the great leader of the hosts of the national Democracy of this district in 1858, than whom no better nomination could be made. Mr. Snell happily combines the wisdom of the Sage, the sagacity of the politician, the correctness and application of the Financier with the highest style of Oratory, and true greatness. Often in listening to the matchless music of his voice, we could but feel greatful that he was a Democrat, and that such efforts and such Oratory "were not destined to waste their sweetness on the Desert Air."

Mr. Snell is a young man and has attained his present proud position by the dint of energy, perseverance, and strict honesty: From a poor school teacher in Tazwell county, he has arisen through all the gradation of poverty, hardship and toil, to one of the first men in his State and party. What an example to the poor young men now-a-days! His name and fame have gone out all over the land; corruption sinks at his approach, and dishonesty hides its deformity. At his approach terror and consternation seizes the hearts of all opposed to him, whether P. Q. Know-Nothing, Republican or Mulatto Democrat.

In 1858 Mr. Snell was offered Place, Power, "Ago" and money if he would abandon principle and fall down and the little God of the Northern Democracy. But ever true to principle, and conscious of doing right, he spurned alike the glitter of their Gold and the shining of their Silver, prefering like one of old "to suffer with his own people."

Mr. Snell is possesed of a benevolent spirit. He feeds the hungry and clothes the naked. At the mention of his name the heart of the widow leaps for joy, and the orphans clap their hands with delight. The Church, the Bible, Tract, Sabbath School and Temperance cause have shared the contents of his purse and his influence.

In addition Mr. Snell is a large farmer; he earns his bread by the sweat of his brow. On his Homestead are to be seen all the modern improvements in farming while his pastures abound in herds of the finest and best improved stock of all descriptions. He is also the President of the Farmer's Club in his Township, and by his devotion to his favorite pursuit he has organized similar clubs throughout this county, making the farmer his own shipper, and thereby having all the advantages of his grain. All honor to the Farmer and Politician Thomas Snell of DeWitt.

THE POLE BREAKS.—While the Douglas men of Bloomington Ills., were raising a 217 foot pole on Tuesday last it broke off about fifty feet from the ground, and fell with a tremenduous crash. No one was injured.

PREFERS LINCOLN TO BRECKENRIDGE.—One of the speakers at the mass meeting in Newark, Ohio, on the 18th inst., was Dr. Edson B. Olds. In the course of his speech, the Doctor said that if the Presidential contest was narrowed down to a choice between Lincoln and Breckenridge, he would give his preferance to Lincoln, but he thanked God he was not compelled to vote for either.

NICOLLS HOUSE.—Our friend Smith, of the Nicolls House, Bloomington, Ill., knows how to keep a hotel—asecret which so many who attempt the business fail to discover. He studies the comfort of the weary traveler, and never fails to set before him the best there is in the market. Call and see him, and you will find him pleasant and accomodating. So says the the Editor of the Lexington *Globe*, and so say we.

Mr. Douglas don't Care Particularly about the Presidency.

In a recent speech at Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Mr. Douglas said:

I talk plainly to you; but there is no reason why I should not do so. To me the Presidency is of very little importance. I confess that my ambition, my individual choice, would be to retain a seat in the Senate in preference to the Presidency, And if I am elected, I shall deem that I make a great sacrifice in accepting the office, rather than gain by change of place. If, therefore, I consent to accept your votes, I shall do it expressly on the condition that I render you as great a favor by accepting the gift at your hands, as you do in offering it. [Laughter.]—I do not want the office except it be for your good and the good of your children, and of their posterity.

It is really a good thing Mr. Douglas cares so little about this matter. Blessed are they who expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed.

Scrip Villa.

An artist has placed upon our table a pair of excellent photographs of the residences in Springfield of Abraham Lincoln and Joel A. Matterson. The former is a plain comfortable dwelling, built at an expense of probably five thousand dollars. The latter is a costly mansion erected for not less than eighty or one hundred thousand dollars. The essential difference, however between the two is, that Mr. Lincoln's house was built with his own money, while Matterson's was built with money belonging to the State.

It rests with the people of the State to say whether Matteson shall keep their money or pay it back to them. It is now nearly four weeks since we charged the Democratic party of Illinois with the deliberate scheme to release Matteson from the payment of the mortgages given to the State Treasurer as security for the 225,000 stolen from the people—in return for which Matteson is contributing largely for the success of the Democratic nominees for the Legislature; thus bribing the people with a portion of their own money to let him have the balance. Nor were we alone in making the charge.—Long before the conspiracy was broached in our columns it had been made the subject of resolutions of condemnation in at least two County Conventions in the central part of the State. Up to this time *no Democratic newspaper*, and so far as we are informed, *no Democrat whosoever has denied the accusation.*—They dare not deny it. They are profiting by the fraud every day in the shape assessments on the proprietor of Scrip Villo, who is fulfilling his part of the contract to the letter. But we assure all hands that they shall not escape the scorching notoriety which their shameless scheme invites. The mortgages are still valid liens on Matterson's real estate, and they will not be cancelled by act of the Legislature until a majority of Democrats are elected to that body—which will not be this year, in our humble opinion.—*Press & Tribune.*

HOME PAPERS.—Stick to your home newspaper. No matter if you are poor, remember none are so poor as the ignorant except it be the depraved, and they to often go together. Keep your home paper though it may not be so large or imposing as some city weekly, but remember it is the advertiser of your neighborhood and daily business, and tells you what is going on around you, instead of a thousand miles away. If it is not printed on as nice paper as the weeklies, and as good as you wish to have it, pay subscription promptly, and rely upon it the natural pride of the publisher will prompt him to improve it as fast as possible.

AN OLD STORY—"THE FOOL AND HIS MONEY."—Four parties, two females of infamous reputation, Mary Thompson and Jenny Reeves, and two hackmen, "Curly" and Strauss, were held to bail yesterday in $500 each for robbing a victim named Wilson, from DeWitt County, of several hundred dollars. It is the old story of rural gentlemen studying the habits and haunts of "the elephant," and paying dearly for the same. A keeper of a den, named Mary Hadway, was also held in $500.—*Press and Tribune.*

THE New York *Times* remarks of the Bell-Douglas intrigue:

The Republicans of this State have no apprehensions from the coalition that has been formed against them. They believe that it will forfeit the support of thousands of voters, who, under other circumstances, would not vote the Republican ticket.

BENNETT, of the New York *Herald* has within the last two months supported successively all the four candidates for the Presidency, Bell, Douglas, Lincoln, and Breckinridge. He is evidently determined, no matter which of the four may be elected, to claim the whole credit of the result.—*Louisville Journal.*

IT is now the intention of the Breckinridge party to press the canvass with all the vigor in their power, and to decline anything like arrangements with the cunning Bell and Douglas wire-workers which will only result to the benefit of the latter.

IT is related as an instance of the strength and vigor of the Prince of Wales' constitution, that during the same day he received addresses at Charlottetown, held a levy, drove out in plain clothes, went out shooting, rode again, took a swim in the salt water, dined with a large party, went to a ball in the evening, and danced with great spirit until three o'clock in the morning.

Webster on Slavery Restriction.

In the famous 7th of March speech, when Mr. Webster is supposed to have taken a step backward, he made these remarks:

"Sir, whenever there is a particular good to be done; wherever there is a foot of land to be staid from becoming slave territory, I am ready to assert the principles of the exclusion of slavery. I am pledged to it from the year 1837; I have been pledged to it again and again; and I will perform those pledges."

In his Marshfield speech, in 1848, Mr. Webster said:

"If, my friends, the term 'free soil' party, or 'free soil man,' is meant to designate one who has been fixed, unalterable—to-day, yesterday, and for some days past—in opposition to slavery extension, then I claim to be, and may hold myself as good a 'free soil' man as any member of that Buffalo Convention."

In a speech in the United States Senate, the same year, he had occasion to discuss this same question of "property" in slaves, in its application to the territories:

"The real meaning, then, of Southern gentlemen, in speaking of this complaint is, that they cannot go into the territories of the United States, carrying with them their own peculiar local law, a law which creates property in persons. * * It will not be contended that this sort of personal slavery exists by general law.—It exists only by local law. * * And wherever that local law does not extend, property in persons does not exist. Well, sir, what is now, the demand of our Southern friends? They say, 'We will carry our local laws with us wherever we go. We insist that Congress does us injustice unless it establishes in the territories in which we wished to go our own local law.' This demand I, for one, resist, and shall resist."

AT THE conclusion of the recent Republican Convention in New York, loud cries were made for Gen. Nye, who was hurried on to the platform, and in a brief and spirited address congratulated the Convention on the result of its deliberations.

He had recently come from Maine, and could give glad tidings from that State, which would give 20,000 majority for Washburn, the Republican candidate for Governor. He remembered a Whig song which used to grate harshly on his ears in 1840: "Oh have you heard, O how old Maine went, went, went? It went hell-bent for Gov. Kent, and Tippecanoe and Tyler too." [Roars of laughter.]

He had seen the little Giant in Maine, and heard him make a speech about squatter sovereignty. He could not understand it, but next day he had been to a livery stable and heard two Irishmen discussing the speech of the previous night. "What is this Squatter Sovereignty?" asked one. "And is it you that comes from Ireland and asks?" replied the other. "Why I'll tell you what it means. A sovereign must always have somebody to reign over, and the squatter sovereign reigns over the nagurs?"—[Laughter and applause]

ANOTHER PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE.—Another Richmond is spoken of as a candidate for the Presidency, being no less a person than the Hon. Chief Justice Taney. The *Beacon*, of Leonardtown Maryland, says that a meeting is to be held at that place on Saturday, Sept. 1, for the purpose of placing Chief Justice Taney, of Maryland, and Judge Samuel Nelson, of New York, formally before the country as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. One would suppose that the Democracy had more candidates already in the field than they could hope to elect.

IS PEACE restored between the House of Weed and the House of Greeley?—The following paragraph appears in the N. Y. *Tribune*, of Friday:

Mr. Weed's neatly-turned and compact speech to the corps of Wide Awakes who serenaded him at Syracuse on Wednesday night, was delivered in an effective manner that took everybody by surprise.—We have repeatedly heard Mr. Weed called on to speak, but never till this occasion have we known him to comply with the demand. It is now certain that his previous reluctance was not justified by any deficiency in the peculiar talents necessary to make an orator.

HOW SLAVES DRIVE OUT FREE LABOR.—The Missouri Republican State Central Committee, in its late address says:

There are now in Missouri at least fifty thousand men who cannot get full employment for their energies and enterprise owing to the depression of the last two years, and there are now in Missouri over one hundred thousand slaves, occupying and filling the most lucrative agricultural and mechanical positions of the interior. It is the demand of the Republican party that slave labor shall make room for free white labor, and take itself away.

Harvest Home!

The enterprising young men of Harp Township intend getting up a grand Social entertainment and "Harvest Home" to take place at A. Kelly's grove, two miles and half East of Town on Saturday, Sept. 8. H. S. GREEN, Esq. of this place, has been invited to deliver a lecture on the occasion. Everybody is invited to be present, and paticipate in the festivities.

For the True Republican.

A Trip to the Great Democratic Mass-Meeting at New Burgh!

CREEK TOWN, (SATURDAY NIGHT) AUG. 25, 1860.

MR. EDITORS.—This morning I concluded to go to New Burg to the great Democratic mass-meeting. But not being one of the Dugs I felt a delicacy in going with the Delegation from this Town, thinking I would have no difficulty in finding the way, although I never was there before. I expected to be led thither by the roar of the Cannon, or the sound of the drum, but in all these was I disappointed. However I went on, sometimes on the wrong, and sometimes on the right road. After I struck the timber I expected the next opening would be the town. BUT ALAS! While thus meditating on the prospect of soon being in town and seeing such a large concourse of people, *the Democracy of the Counties.* I was brought suddenly to a halt, by my team coming in contact with the flag wagon from this precinct; supposing they had broke down, as the wagon was deserted, I began to look around and hearing a doleful noise off to one side, I went there, which proved to be the spot I was looking for, but very thinly spotted with people. I was told I had passed the town and the noise I heard was only the operation of some Democrat trying to stuff soft soap down the Republicans throats.—After this operation was over the procession was formed and marched through the different openings in the timber, or town as you may call it. The procession was as follows:

1st. Douglas Band, consisting of two old violins, one French harp and one jewsharp, all drawn by four horses.

2d. Ladies on horseback, two in number.

3d. Hickory Club headed by a man with a brush heap on his head. They came from, I don't know where, but should think from some of the back hills of "Old Virginia," I should consider them a disgrace even to the cause of Democracy.

4th. Delegation from Creek Township.

5th. The people of the town and stragglers generally.

After the band had exhausted itself they formed around the stand again and were highly entertained for a while, by the explosion of the *Gas Bag* Gus Smith. At the close of this explosion, the attempt was made to give three cheers for Douglas & Johnson which proved to be a perfect failure, for all that could be heard was cheer after cheer for Lincoln & Hamlin.—Last but not least, was the two hundred, out of three hundred present, swinging their hats high in air, and opening their mouths (as if to show the Democrats there was plenty of room inside to store away that free dinner, which was promised the dear people) all this in honor of Hon. Owen Lovejoy. So ended the great Democratic mass-meeting at New Burgh.

A REPUBLICAN.

DID YOU EVER HEAR—A Douglas leader urge or advise any candid inquirer to read the discussion between Messrs. Lincoln and Douglas in order to learn just where these two eminent citizens stand respectively and what are really the matters in difference between the Republicans and the Douglas Democracy?

Did you ever, in any of Douglas' speeches (and he has sometimes made three or four daily, of late,) find a hint dropped that he would like to have those discussions read generally, in order that each voter shall know exactly what is the issue?

Did you ever hear of a Douglas edition of those joint debates being issued, or likely to be?

Did you ever hear of a Douglas man—though they generally profess to hold *Douglas* mentally the superior of Lincoln—wish to have any one read Mr Lincoln's Cooper Institute Speech, or any other ever made by him?

We never did. If *you* have been more fortunate, just say it!

☞ Warner W. Oglesby, an old and esteemed citizen of Decatur, died at his residence in that place, on Thursday last, of flux.

☞ Hon. Thomas Corwin was nominated by acclamation, for re-election to Congress, by the Republicans of the Seventh (Ohio) District, on Saturday last.

Who is He?

The Telegraph informs us that the Hon. Robert N. Murray, was on Tuesday last, nominated for Congress in this district, by the Democratic Convention. He won't be elected.

—The Abolionists have nominated a fellow by the name of Bassett. The Bell-everett convention will meet at Bloomington in a few days and nominate a candidate. Now let the few dozen Breckinridgeites in the district, bring out *their* man, and LOVEJOY will beat them all ten thousand votes!

NEW FALL GOODS.

ORANG is the first to receive New Fall Goods! Mr. R. has been East for several weeks, and has purchased an immense stock for the Fall Trade. Full particulars of Orang's mammouth stock will appear in our paper next week. In the meantime, purchasers are invited to call at his Store East side the public square.

Attention, Company!

The next quarterly meeting of the Creek Town Mutual Horse Company will be held at the Union Church on Saturday, the 8th day of September, 1860, at 5 o'clock, P. M. A general invitation is extended.

B. S. WILKINS, President.
MADISON LANE, Sec.

Republican Speaking.

HENRY S. GREEN, Esq.,
Will address the people at the Elm-Grove School-House, in Barnett Township, on Saturday evening, Septeptember 8, at early candle-lighting. All, without distinction of party, are invited to turn out and hear Mr. Green on this occasion.

A Lincoln Cane.

We return thanks to our young friend Byron L. Smith, Esq., of Decatur, for the present of a neat cane, made from a genuine Lincoln Rail. Byron is an enthusiastic Republican, and is proud to train in the ranks of the free labor party.

CHICAGO MARKET.

From the Press & Tribune, Aug. 29.

During the past week the Wheat Market has advanced 10 to 12c per bushel. Flour advanced about 50c per barrel. Corn closed about 2c higher than the ruling figures a week ago.—Oats were in light supply and prices advanced 2 to 3c per bushel. Rye and Barley were quiet and without material change. Highwines 1-2c per gallon higher. Alcohol advanced 3 to 4c.

Lake freights, which during the past week have had rather a downward tendency, advanced 3c yesterday, and closed at 13 to 14c for wheat to Buffalo, and 21c to Oswego.

New York canal freights, during the past week, have advanced 2½ to 3c per bushel—the rate yesterday being 16½c per bushel for wheat from Buffalo to New York.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Virgil Hickox VS. Thomas Snell.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

NW qr. of NW qr. of section 2; Also, a part of NE qr of section 3, to-wit: commencing at the north-east corner of said section 3, and running thence south forty-seven and eighty two one hundredth poles, thence west one hundred and fifty-nine and twelve one-hundredth poles, thence north forty-seven and eighty-two one-hundredth poles, thence east 159 and twelve one-hundredth poles, to the place of beginning, (except that part heretofore granted to the Illinois Central Railroad Company for right of way,) all in Town 19, North range 2, east.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.
Clinton, August 30, 1860 $3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Wm. H. Cleaveland VS. John H. Hendrick.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot 1 in block 1, in Rucker's addition to the town of Clinton. To be sold subject to a fee-bill execution entitled John H. Hendrick VS. Harris A. Rucker, *et al.*

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.
By F. E. Morgan, Deputy.
August 30, 1860-3t $3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Nelson Campbell VS. Cole & Wall.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The undivided half of 2 1-2 acres off the north east corner of the west half of southeast quarter of southeast quarter of sec. 6, town 19, north range 2 east, commencing at a stake at the no. h east corner of said tract, running south 20 rods, thence west 20 rods, thence north 20 rods, thence east 20 rods, to the place of beginning.

ALSO:

Ten acres of the north end of north half of east half of northeast quarter of southeast quarter of sec. 6, town 19, north range 2 east.

ALSO:

South half of east half of northeast quater of southeast quarter, sec. 6, town 19, north range 2 east.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.
By F. E. MORGAN, Deputy.
August 30, 1860-$1 00.

New Meat Market!

JUST OPENED IN CLINTON!

At Froud's Old Stand, on the north-east corner of the Public Square one door East of J. Rouse's grocery store, where will be kept constantly on hand, for sale, all kinds of Fresh Meat.

The highest market price in cash paid for all kinds of fat cattle, hogs and sheep.

J. P. GROVE,
Aug. 30, 1860. J. HARRELL.

Lands Sold for Taxes!

NOTICE is hereby given that at a sale of real estate for taxes and costs due thereon, for the years 1858 and 1859, made at the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, on the 25th day of June, 1860, I purchased the following described lands, to-wit:

70 acres, the W hf SW Sec. 20, Town 20, R. 4, east, listed in the name of R. N. Jamison. Also, 90 acres, the W hf SE Sec. 30, Town 2[illegible], Range 1, east, listed in the name of S. F. Gambril.

And that the time of redemption of said land will expire in two years from said day of sale.
Aug. 30, 1860-3w JOHN M. RICHTER.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Wm. Cleaveland, assignee of Wm. H. Cleaveland, VS. John H. Hendrick and Wm. W. Adams.

By virtue of a execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot 1 in block 1, in Rucker's addition to the town of Clinton. To be sold subject to a fee-bill execution entitled John H. Hendrick VS. Harris A. Rucker, et. al.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.
By F. E. MORGAN, Deputy.
August 30, 1860-$3

SHERIFF'S SALE.

John H. Hendrick VS. Harris A. Rucker, et al.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to wit:

Lot One, in Block One, in Rucker's Addition to the Town of Clinton.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.
Clinton, August 30, 1860. $3

Tax Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the Tax-Payers of the corporation of Clinton, that the accounts for taxes, for the year 1860, are now in my hands for collection. Taxes assessed for said year will be received by me at S. F. Lewis' office, for 20 days after the date of this notice.
PHILIP CLARK, Collector.
Aug. 23, 1860.

HOMŒPATHY.

Dr. A. J. LENT
CLINTON, . . . ILINOIS.

WILL practice in Town or or country.
☞ Office and residence, one block and a half west of the public square.
Aug. 2, 1860-tf

True Republican.

Thursday, August 30, 1860.

The Clinton Lincoln Club,

Will be addressed on Thursday Evening, August 30, 1860, at the Court House Yard, by A. B. BUNN, Esq, and ANSEL TUPPER, Esq, of Decatur.

seats will be provided for the Ladies. Let everybody turn out.

The Wide Awakes are invited to appear in full uniform

Cruelty.

How emphatically true it is that one half the world does not know what the other is doing. A species of unexampled cruelty inflicted on a poor woman in that most civilized and enlightened portion of our county, near Mt. Pleasant, has just come to the knowledge of the public; a cruelty so severe as to unsettle the womans reason, and render her a raving maniac. We have the facts of the case from a source entitled to all credence.

Old Adam Freeze, the father of the woman in question, came to this State several years since from Ohio, and settled near Mt. Pleasant. His reputation is that of a mean, profidious old cuss. He attempted to force a "match" with his daughter and a drover, who happened to stop at his house, against the wish of either party. The drover professed love and devotion to the young girl, but refused to marry her, and finally absconded. In due time a child was born to the girl. All this time the old man was inflicting the most horrible cruelties upon his own daughter. He compelled her to work out as a common field hand; he whipped her and beat her unmercifully—threatening her life, and often chasing her with a butcher knife, forcing her to undergo hardships, and perform out-door labor which would make the strongest men quail. A few months ago he compelled her to marry an old man by the name of Rhodes, who treated her, if possible, more cruel than did her own father—often compelling her to lay out all night in the corn-field and otherwise maltreating her, in such a manner that she became a raving maniac, and was one day last week taken into custody, and placed in the debtors room of the County jail, to await an order for her removal to Jacksonville. She broke out every window in the room and made such horrid unearthly screams and appeals for help against what she supposed to be her murderers—her father and husband—that the jailer was compelled to remove her to one of the close cells, and constantly attend her, to prevent her own self destruction. She was indeed a pitiable sight, and all because of the inhuman and unnatural treatment of of those who should be her protectors and guardians.

Remember.

Next Monday is the day appointed for the voters of this School District to select one Director who will hold the office for three years. The election will take place at S. F. Lewis' office, in the Afternoon. On the same day, and at the same place, the voters are called upon to decide by ballot whether a tax sufficient to keep up a School nine months in the year, in place of six, as heretofore, shall be levied.

We hope the voters generally will see the propriety of levying a tax sufficient to keep the Schools in operation for the longer period. We are informed, that it will not require any larger tax to do this, than has heretofore been levied for the six months School. It requires about the same amount of money to keep the School open for six months, as it will for nine months.

Taxes Again!

Philip Clark, the Corporation Collector gives notice to the tax-payers to come forward and pay off their indebtedness to the Corporation.

The Trustees have levied a tax for Corporation purposes, of fifty cents on the hundred dollars valuation. This, if all paid up, will raise a revenue of three or four thousand dollars, of couse, the Trustees could not afford to spend one cent of this money to lay down side walks, but will leave the people perfectly free to slosh around through the mud in their own way, (subject only to their Constitution,) until a new board is elected, pledged *not* to put down side-walks; when we will probably have something accomplished in the way of side-walk improvement, and then all the revenue will not be expended in plowing up the streets, rendering them impassible, the greater portion of the year.

Clothing!

J. & E. Goldsmith advertise the biggest stock of Clothing ever brought to Clinton. They've got 'em, and what is more, they are selling them off at lower prices than ever before heard of in this country.

Plow Manufatcory!

Dickerson & Orahood have an advertisement in to-day's paper, of their plow manufactory. Manufacturing establishments of this kind should receive every encouragement and patronage from the farmers of the county. Buy your plows &c., of home make.

New Meat Market!

Grove & Harrel have opened a New Meat Market at the old stand, North-East corner of the public square, where they keep constantly on hand, all kind of fresh meats, and buy fat hogs, sheep and cattle. Give them a call.

A Good Move.

It is proposed to offer a premium of fifty dollars, to be awarded to the best Brass Band, on the last day of our County Fair. Several gentlemen have taken the matter in hand, and we doubt not will raise the money by subscription, throughout the county with but little effort.

Big Watermelons.

Marshal Boyd, of Creek Township brought us one day this week, a water melon as big as a barrel. It was a delicious treat, for which we return our thanks.

—Our thanks are also due Mr. Kelly for like favors.

Camp Meeting,

A Camp Meeting commences near Mt. Plesant on Friday, next—also, on Friday sept. 7th, near Marion, in this County.

The Prince of Wales.

Is to visit Chicago! Wonder if he cauld not be induced to give Clinton a call?

☞ S. F. Lewis, Esq., of this place, will address the Marion Republican Club, on Friday evening, August 31.

TIME TABLE ILL. C. R. R.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.		TRAINS GOING NORTH	
Passenger	5:55, A. M.	Passenger	7:25, A. M.
"	5:55, P. M.	"	7:25, P. M.
Freight	6:10, A. M.	Freight	4:55, P. M.

JAMES A. RASBACH, Agent.

☞ *Publishers Republican:* Please announce Hon. LEWIS ROBERTS as a candidate for the State Senate in this the 16th Senatorial District, subject to the decision of the National Democratic Convention, should one be held, and oblige

THE BRECKINRIDGE MEN
Of DeWitt County.

Agents for the Republican.

The following named gentlemen are authorized and respectfully requested to act as agents for procuring subscriptions to the *Republican* and collecting moneys due this office, in their respective localities:

L. Rathbun, Santa Anna, Ills.,
J. J. Kelly, DeWitt, Ills.;
J. W. Pomfret, Wapella, Ills.;
John Booth, Waynesville, Ills.;
Decatur Pool, Clinton, Ills.;
M. W. Boyd, Creek, Ills.;
Abraham Parker, Texas, Ills.;
J. S. Kirkpatrick, Harp, Ills.;
E. Griffin, Tunbridge, Ills.

At a meeting of the Republican Central Committee of DeWitt county, held on Saturday, June 21st, 1860, the following resolution was offered by Mr. Kelly, and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That reposing confidence in B. T. Jones & Co., whose proposal to print a new paper in our county is now before us, to be styled *The DeWitt County True Republican*, we cordially endorse the new paper as the organ and exponent of the Republican party of DeWitt county, and will exert ourselves to extend its influence and circulation.

The Old Standard House.

Barnett's Hotel.

ALVIN BARNETT

Would inform his friends and the travelling public generally that he has fitted up this House in first-rate style, and he is now prepared to cater to the wants of the most fastidious epicure.

☞ A large and comfortable Stable is also attached to the premises, which is capable of accommodating fifty horses.

☞ Horses kept and fed with hay and corn during the day for ten cents.

Farmers when you come to town, be sure and stop at the old standard house, and you will be treated well.

Clinton Ill, Aug. 23, 1860.

Deeds, Deeds,

All persons having Deeds and Mortgages in the Recorders office of DeWitt County, on which the fees for recording are unpaid, will please call and settle for them.

Aug. 23, 1860. ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.

Plow Manufactory!
IN CLINTON.

DICKERSON & ORAHOOD,
—EAST MAIN STREET—
CLINTON, ... ILLINOIS.
Manufacture and keep for sale,
Plows, Cultivators,
DOUBLE SHOVELS, PRAIRIE PLOWS, &c., &c.

Our work is made of the best material, and Warranted in every particular as represented.

☞ All kinds of Plows of our manufacture will be kept for sale at Lewis Campbell's store.

Farmers of DeWitt and adjoining counties will find it to their interest to purchase of a *Home Manufactory*. Our prices are LOWER than any other Plow Manufactory in central Illinois. Call and see our work, before purchasing of foreign manufacture.

DICKERSON & ORAHOOD.
Aug. 30, 1860-tf

Republican National Platform.

ADOPTED, MAY 17TH, 1860.

Resolved, That we, the delegated representatives of the Republican electors of the United States, in Convention assembled, in discharge of the duty we owe to our constituents and our country, unite in the following declarations:

1. That the history of the nation during the last four years, has fully established the propriety and necessity of the organization and perpetuation of the Republican party, and that the cause which called it into existence are permanent in their nature, and now more than ever before, demand its peaceful and constitutional triumph.

2. That the maintenance of the principles promulgated in the Delaration of Independence and embodied in the Federal Constitution is essential to the preservation of our Republican institutions, and that the Federal Constitution, the Rights of the States, and the Union of the States must and shall be preserved.

3. That to the Union of the States this nation owes its unprecedented increase in population, its surprising development of material resources, its rapid augmentation of wealth, its happiness at home and its honor abroad; and we hlod in abhorrence all schemes for Disunion, come from whatever source they may: And we congratulate the country that no Republican member of Congress has uttered or countenanced the threats of Disunion so often made by Democratic members, without rebuke and with applause from their political associates, and we denounce those threats of disunion, in case of a popular overthrow of their ascendancy as denying the vital principles of a free government, and as an avowal of contemplated treason, which it is the imperative duty of an indignant People sternly to rebuke and forever silence.

4. That the maintenance inviolate of the rights of the States, and especially the right of each State to order and control its own domestic institutions according to its own judgment exclusively, is essential to that balance of power on which the perfection and endurance of our political fabric depends; and we denounce the lawless invasion by armed force of the soil of any State or Territory, no matter under what pretext, as among the gravest of crimes.

5. That the present Democratic Administration has far exceeded our worst apprehensions, in its measureless subserviency to the exactions of a sectional interest, as especially evinced in its desperate exertions to force the infamous Lecompton Constitution upon the protesting people of Kansas; in construing the personal relation between master and servant to involve an unqualified property in persons; in its attempted enforcement, everywhere, on land and sea, through the intervention of Congress and of the Federal Courts of the extreme pretensions of a purely local interest; and in its general and unvarying abuse of the power entrusted to it by a confiding people.

6. That the people justly view with alarm the reckless extravagance which pervades every department of the Federal Government; that a return to rigid economy and accountability is indispensable to arrest the systematic plunder of the public treasury by favored partisans; while the recent startling developments of frauds and corruptions at the Federal metropolis, show that an entire change of administration is imperatively demanded.

7. That the new dogma that the Constitution, of its own force, carries Slavery into any or all of the Territories of the United States, is a dangerous political heresy, at variance with the explicit provisions of that instrument itself, with cotemporaneous exposition, and with legislative and judicial precedent; is revolutionary in its tendency, and subversive of the peace and harmony of the country.

8. That the normal condition of all the territory of the United States is that of freedom: That as our Republican fathers, when they had abolished slavery in all our national territory, ordained that "no person should be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law," it becomes our duty, by legislation, whenever such legislation is necessary, to maintain this provision of the Constitution against all attempts to violate it; and we deny the authority of Congress, of a Territorial Legislature, or of any individuals, to give legal existence to slavery in any Territory of the United States.

9. That we brand the recent re-opening of the African slave trade, under the cover of our national flag, aided by perversions of judicial power, as a crime against humanity and a burning shame to our country and age; and we call upon Congress to take prompt and efficient measures for the total and final suppression of that execrable traffic.

10. That in the recent vetoes, by their Federal Governors, of the acts of the Legislatures of Kansas and Nebraska, prohibiting Slavery in these Territories, we find a practical illustration of the boarted Democratic principle of Non-Intervention and Popular Sovereignty embodies in the Kansas-Nebraska bill, and a demonstration of the deception and fraud involved therein.

11. That Kansas should, of right, be immediately admitted as a State under the Constitution recently formed and adopted by the people, and accepted by the House of Representatives.

12. That, while providing revenue for the support of the general government by duties upon imports, sound policy requires such an adjustment of these imposts as to encourage the development of the industrial interests of the whole country; and we commend that policy of national exchanges, which secures to the working men liberal wages, to agriculture remunerating prices, to mechanics and manufacturers an adequate reward for their skill, labor, and enterprise, and to the nation commercial prosperity and independence.

13. That we protest against any sale or alienation to others of the Public Lands held by actual settlers, and against any view of the Free Homestead policy which regards the settlers as paupers or suppliants for public bounty; and we demand the passage by Congress of the complete and satisfactory Homestead measure which has already passed the House.

14. That the Republican party is opposed to any change in our Naturalization Laws or any any State legislation by which the rights of citizenship hitherto accorded to immigrants from foreign lands shall be abridged or impaired; and in favor of giving full and efficient protection to the rights of all classes of citizens whether native or naturalized, both at home and abroad.

15. That appropriations by Congress for River and Harbor improvements of a National character required for the accommodation and security of an existing commerce, are authorized by the Constitution, and justified by the obligation of Government to protect the lives and property of its citizens.

16. That a Railroad to the Pacific Ocean is imperatively demanded by the interests of the whole country; that the Federal Government ought to render immediate and efficient aid in its construction; and that, as preliminary thereto, a daily Overland Mail should be promptly established.

17. Finally, having thus set forth our distinctive principles and views, we invite the co-operation of all citizens, however differing on other questions, who substantially agree with us in their affirmance and support.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Brown & Co. VS. Addison Koons.

BY virtue of a vendiet to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 22d day of Sept., A. D. 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

NW qr. of SW qr. of section 20, Town, north Range 2, east.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.

August 30, 1860-3t $3 00

Patent Fruit Cans

CAN be had at Clagg's Tin Shop—the Best and Cheapest that has ever been offered to the public. Go and see them.

August 2d, 1860-tf

EWING & CAIN,
Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
MARBLE
Monuments,
Head-stones,

☞ First door west of Tidball & Bogar's Furniture Room,

CLINTON, (DeWitt Co.,) ILLS.
Aug. 23, 1860-tf

Lost!

ON the afternoon of the 16th inst., in the town of Clinton, a pocket-book containing FIFTY-ONE DOLLARS in money, and some bills of goods. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the printing-office in Clinton, or with the undersigned.

Aug. 23, 1860-3w JOHN McDONALD.

Greater Attraction,

THAN EVER.

NEW

FALL GOODS

AT

R. R. CRANG'S

IN MOORE & McGRAW'S BLOCK.

Notice

IS hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of David Wheeler, deceased, late of DeWitt county, Illinois, will be and appear before the County Court of said county and State, sitting for Probate business at the October Term, 1860, on the third day of said term. At which time and place, all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same for adjustment.—All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN BOOTH,
Aug. 23, 1860-6w Administrator.

THE R. SANDS
GIGANTIC COMBINATION
CIRCUS.

Comprising the most talented performers most magnificent Stud of Trained Horses, and the most surprising Troupe of Contortionists and Acrobats in the world, forming the most splendid Combination of Attraction ever offered by any traveling company in the United States.

This magnificent establishment will make its entree into town preceded by the GRAND CHARIOT OF APOLLO, drawn by a Team of Gigantic Moles.

The Band Chariot will be followed by the

Fairy Equipage of Cinderella,

Drawn by a team of Twenty Shetland Trick Ponies!

Among the more celebrated of the Equestrian Performers will be found MME. VIRGINIA SHERWOOD, Mr. CHAS. SHERWOOD, Master Charly, Mons. Theodore, Mons. Ferdinand, Mademiselle Ida, The Tournaire Brothers, Don Santiago Gibbonois, the Great Spanish Contortionist, from El Cor°o, Madrid, Wm. H. Berdeu, and Wm. F. Hogle, Carlo Conrad, TONY PASTOR, the Great American Clown, Satirist, and Humorist. The Benoit Brothers, Ben Huntington, and a numerous troup of Vaulters, Tumblers, Acrobats, Gymnasts, Equilibrists, Jugglers, Comic Singers, &c.

Post's New York Cornet Band

Will perform at CLINTON,
On Tuesday, September 4, 1860.

Admission. Box 50 cents, Pit 25 cents; No half price.

Doors open at 2, and 7. To commence at 2½ and 7½ P. M.

A FINE LOT OF COOKING AND EATING APPLES just received from the South, by D. A. ROSENCRANS

The Biggest Stock
—OF—
FALL
CLOTHING
At J. & E. GOLDSMITHS'
Clothing
HOUSE,
Warner & Lintner's Block east of the Square,
Ever seen in Clinton!

JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST and most complete assortment of
All the Latest Styles Of Fall
Clothing,
FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET
Bought for the Cash!
—And will sold the same way—
CHEAPER
Than ever before known.
CALL AND SEE THIS
MAMMOTH STOCK

And buy yourself a new suit before cold weather comes upon you.

—ALSO—

A large assortment of FINE GOLD JEWELRY, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES; also a fine collection of SETH THOMAS EIGHT DAY CLOCKS.

J. & E. GOLDSMITH.
Clinton, Ills., Aug. 23, 1860.

NEW BAKERY.
CONFECTIONERY
—AND—
EATING HOUSE.

JENNINGS & CO HAVE ESTABLISHED a New Bakery and eating-House on
East Main Street
At the old stand of "Every Bodys Bakery," where they will keep on hand at all times
Fresh Breed,
Cakes, Crackers, Pies &c.,
—ALSO—
Nuts, Candies, and all kinds of CONFECTIONARIES.

☞ Meals got up at all hours. Call and see us.

JENNINGS & CO.
Clinton, Ill's., May 12th 1860 tf

☞ Obtain Security against Fire, by reliable insurance with the

Phœnix
Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital, : : $400,000.

H. KELLOGG, Sec'y. S. L. LOOMIS, Pres.

R. H. & H. M. MAGILL,
GENERAL AGENTS,
CINCINNATI, : : : : : : : OHIO.

THE Phœnix Insurance company being a national organization, with a complete system of agencies established throughout the country; and, devoting its entire time and attention to the business of Fire Insurance, (being free from the disasters attendant upon the Marine business,) and possessing a Cash Capital of $400,000, with large Cash Surplus, pledged for the payment of losses, with competent adjusters, to aid and assist claimants in making up proofs, OFFERS SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES TO THOSE DESIRING Reliable Indemnity against Loss by Fire!

☞ Applications solicited, policies issued and renewed, and Losses paid at this Agency, by H. CROSLEY, Agent.

Clinton, Illinois, Aug. 9, 1860-6m.

STILL ON HAND.
New Stove store
—AND—
Tin Shop!
IN CLINTON.

The undersigned has established a NEW STOVE STORE and TIN SHOP, at his store room,

SOUTH SIDE OF THE SQUARE,

In the room formerly occupied by Goldsmith's Clothing store, where he keeps on hand and for sale,

All Kinds of Stoves and Tin Ware,

☞ All kinds of Tin and Copper Job Work Roofing, Spouting, &c., done to order, as cheap as can be done in Central Illinois.

☞ The highest price IN CASH paid for Hides at all times. WILLIAM CLAGG,

Clinton, Ills., July 16, 1860.

FAIRBANKS'
PATENT
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
FAIRBANKS & GREENLEAF
35 *Lake Street, Chicago.*

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine

Clinton, Ills., April 12, 1860-6m

NEW
GOODS,
DIRECT FROM N. YORK!
PRIES TO SUIT THE TIMES!!
MAGILL & Co.,

Have just received the largest stock of Dry Goods, consisting of the latest styles of

Dress Goods,

Foulards, Berages, Challies, Brilliants, Organdies, Lawns, Delaines, Ghambres, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c., &c.,

Bonnets and Ribbons,
HATS AND CAPS,
Straw Goods, Oil Cloths and Carpeting,
Boots and Shoes,
Of all kinds.
At Very Low Prices!
READY-MADE
CLOTHING,
And Gents' Furnishing Goods,
At Lower Prices!!
Than ever before offered in this market.
Groceries
—AND—
WOODEN-WARE.
Also, a general assortment of
Farmers' Tools,

Consisting of Horse-Rakes, Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snathes Hay Forks, Scoops and Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Garden Utensils, &c.

☞ All of which we offer at prices that
DEFY COMPETITION!

☞ Call and examine our Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

No charge for showing Goods!

Wool Wanted.

FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED! for which the highest market price will be paid.

☞ We have again those celebrated AURORA CLOTHS on band to exchange for wool.

Magill & Co.

☞ Remember the place, at the Old Stand, north-east corner of the Public Square, in Moore & McGraw's brick building.

CLINTON, May 10th, 1860.-tf.

NEW
STORE!!

The subscriber is just opening his

NEW ROOM,
In the Brick Building North Corner, of the Public Square,

And respectfully solicits his old friends and customers, and all who wish to buy anything in his line

CHEAP!

To call and examine his stock of

Queensware,
Groceries,
Hats and Caps,
Clothing,
Cassimeres,
Satinetts, and
Summer Goods,
FOR MEN'S WEAR,
OF ALL KINDS

☞ VERY LOW FOR CASH or country produce.

☞ Butter and Eggs wanted.

J. J. ANDREWS.
Clinton, Ills., April 26th-tf

J. H. HILL
Still continues to Sell
HARDWARE,
Harness and Saddles,
AT THE SAME OLD PLACE,
North Side of the Public Square

A FULL STOCK to be sold CHEAPER than ever.

☞ Give me a call and price my Goods before you buy elsewhere.

☞ All kinds of Farmers' Implements kept constantly on hand, J. H. HILL.

Clinton, July 12th, 1860-tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

John Morrison & Simeon Morrison VS. Fletcher Allen Parker.

By virtue of a fee-bill execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 1st day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in block 2, in Day's addition to the town of Marion.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.

By F. E. Morgan, Deputy.

July 1st, 1860-3t $3

True Republican.

Thursday, August 23, 1860.

TIME TABLE ILL. C. R. R.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	TRAINS GOING NORTH
Passenger 5:55, A. M.	Passenger 7:25, A. M.
" 5:55, P. M.	" 7:25, P. M.
Freight 6:10, A. M.	Freight 4:55, P. M.

JAMES A. RASBACH, Agent.

☞ *Publishers Republican*: Please announce Hon. LEWIS ROBERTS as a candidate for the State Senate in this the 16th Senatorial District, subject to the decision of the National Democratic Convention, should one be held, and oblige

THE BRECKINRIDGE MEN
Of DEWITT COUNTY.

Look Here!

We will send five copies of the REPUBLICAN to any address for SIX DOLLARS, the cash to be paid invariably in advance. Come on, Republicans.

What Popular Sovereignty has Done.

IT IS PART OF THE HISTORY OF THE COUNTRY THAT UNDER THIS DOCTRINE OF NON-INTERVENTION, THIS DOCTRINE THAT YOU DELIGHT TO CALL SQUATTER SOVEREIGNTY, THE PEOPLE OF NEW MEXICO HAVE INTRODUCED AND PROTECTED SLAVERY IN THE WHOLE OF THAT TERRITORY. UNDER THIS DOCTRINE THEY HAVE CONVERTED A TRACT OF FREE TERRITORY INTO SLAVE TERRITORY, MORE THAN FIVE TIMES THE SIZE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. UNDER THIS DOCTRINE, SLAVERY HAS BEEN EXTENDED FROM THE RIO GRANDE TO THE GULF OF CALIFORNIA, AND FROM THE LINE OF THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO, NOT ONLY UP TO 36 DEG. 30., BUT UP TO 38 DEG.—GIVING YOU A DEGREE AND A HALF MORE SLAVE TERRITORY THAN YOU EVER CLAIMED.—[Douglas' Speech.

Douglas Repudiates Himself.

"Slaves are regarded AS PROPERTY and placed on an EQUAL FOOTING with all other property. Hence, the owner of slaves—the same as the owner of any other species of property, HAS A RIGHT TO REMOVE TO ANY TERRITORY AND CARRY HIS PROPERTY WITH HIM."—[Speech of Douglas in New Orleans, December, 1858.

It used to be thought that Slavery could only go where it was invited by specific local enactment. That was the old Democratic doctrine. But Douglas in his zeal for Slavery, and to conciliate the South, initiated the abominable heresy, that the boundaries of Slavery are as broad as the Constitution. Under his interpretation, Slavery may go into every foot of territory belonging to the United States—law or no law. It is held to be as sacred and sovereign as Freedom.

Hence his boast that this doctrine had converted the whole of New Mexico, once Free, into Slave territory. And so it did. Why should he not be rewarded for so noble an achievement?—[Albany Journal.

The Old Standard House.

Barnett's Hotel.

ALVIN BARNETT

Would inform his friends and the travelling public generally that he has fitted up this House in first-rate style, and he is now prepared to cater to the wants of the most fastidious epicure.

☞ A large and comfortable Stable is also attached to the premises, which is capable of accommodating fifty horses.

☞ Horses kept and fed with hay and corn during the day for ten cents.

Farmers when you come to town, be sure and stop at the old standard house, and you will be treated well.

Clinton Ill., Aug. 23, 1860.

Deeds, Deeds.

All persons having Deeds and Mortgages in the Recorder's office of DeWitt County, on which the fees for recording are unpaid, will please call and settle for them.

Aug. 23, 1860. ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.

B. T. JONES,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE;
AND
COLLECTING AGENT
CLINTON, ILLINOIS.

☞ OFFICE.—In the County Clerk's Office, in the Court-house.

New Livery Stable
IN CLINTON!

HORSES, BUGGIES,
CARRIAGES, & SULKIES,

To let at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ RIDING HORSES, suitable for ladies or gentlemen,—perfectly gentle.

Good, trusty drivers supplied when required.

☞ Stable one block and a half north of the public square—immediately north of the jail.

A share of public patronage is solicited.

June 13, 1860–6m. DUDLEY RICHARDS.

For Rent.

A LARGE HOUSE, conveniently situated, suitable for a Boarding-House, for rent, on reasonable terms. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

Clinton, Ills., July 19th, 1860–tf.

DeWitt Co. Bank,
CLINTON, ILLINOIS.

THIS BANK is prepared to do a legitimate business, such as Buying and Selling Sight and Time Bills, on the principal cities in the United States,

ENGLAND,
IRELAND,
SCOTLAND,
WALES,
GERMANY,
FRANCE,
HOLLAND,
BELGIUM,

And all other countries of Europe, at the lowest current rates; also coin and bank-notes.

Remittances promptly made for collections at current rate of exchange.

State Bonds, Land Warrants, or Bonds of the Illinois Central Railroad Company for such as have payments to make to the company, or desire them for other purposes, furnished at short notice.

Interest allowed on time deposits, &c., &c.

T. DUDLEY,
March 8, 1860. Cashier.

DR. J. McFARLAND,

SURGEON DENTIST, CLINTON, ILL. Is prepared to attend to all business in his line. He warrants entire satisfaction in all operations performed by him. Plate teeth, from one tooth to a full sett, inserted on reasonable terms, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Dr. McFarland would respectfully solicit the attention of the Public to his new method of EXTRACTING TEETH WITHOUT PAIN. Having gratified himself of Dr. Branch's method of removing entire sensibility of tooth and gum so that the most sensitive tooth can be extracted without the use of cloroform or ether.

OFFICE—East side of the Square, Clinton, over Dr. Dye's Drug Store.

Ills. June 17, 1859-tf.

EWING & CAIN,
Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

MARBLE
Monuments,
Head-stones,

☞ First door west of Tidball & Bogar's Furniture Room,

CLINTON, (DeWitt Co.,) ILLS.

Aug. 23, 1860-tf

Lost!

ON the afternoon of the 16th inst., in the town of Clinton, a pocket-book containing FIFTY-ONE DOLLARS in money, and some bills of goods. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the printing-office in Clinton, or with the undersigned.

Aug. 23, 1860-3w JOHN McDONALD.

Notice.

IS hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of David Wheeler, deceased, late of DeWitt county, Illinois, will be and appear before the County Court of said county and State, sitting for Probate business at the October Term, 1860, on the third day of said term. At which time and place, all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same for adjustment.—All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

JOHN BOOTH,
Aug. 23, 1860-6w Administrator.

THE R. SANDS
GIGANTIC COMBINATION

CIRCUS.

Comprising the most talented performers most magnificent Stud of Trained Horses, and the most surprising Troupe of Contortionists and Acrobats in the world, forming the most splendid Combination of Attraction ever offered by any traveling company in the United States.

This magnificent establishment will make its entree into town preceded by the GRAND CHARIOT OF APOLLO, drawn by a Team of Gigantic Mules.

The Band Chariot will be followed by the

Fairy Equipage of Cinderella,

Drawn by a team of Twenty Shetland Trick Ponies!

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Post's New York Cornet Band

Will perform at CLINTON,
On Tuesday, September 4, 1860

Admission, Box 50 cents, Pit 25 cents; No half price.

Doors open at 2, and 7. To commence at 2½ and 7½ P. M.

☞ Obtain Security against Fire, by reliable insurance with the

Phœnix
Insurance Co.,
HARTFORD, CONN.

Cash Capital, : : $400,000.

H. KELLOGG, Sec'y. S. L. LOOMIS, Pres.

R. H. & H. M. MAGILL,
GENERAL AGENTS,
CINCINNATI, : : : : : : OHIO.

THE Phœnix Insurance company being a national organization, with a complete system of agencies established throughout the country; and, devoting its entire time and attention to the business of Fire Insurance, (being free from the disasters attendant upon the Marine business,) and possessing a Cash Capital of $400,000, with large Cash Surplus, pledged for the payment of losses, with competent adjusters, to aid and assist claimants in making up proofs, OFFERS SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES TO THOSE DESIRING

Reliable Indemnity against Loss by Fire!

☞ Applications solicited, policies issued and renewed, and Losses paid at this Agency, by H. CROSLEY, Agent.

Clinton, Illinois, Aug. 9, 1860-6m.

Ho! for Clinton.

Quite a Change has taken Place. The Old Proud Bakery is again All Right for Doing Business.

The Newest Establishmet of the kind in Town

☞ So Now is the Time to Get the worth of Your Money. Come Right Along!

JAKE ZORGER

WOULD announce to the citizens of Clinton and vicinity that he has just opened a Bakery and Confectionery in the house known as Proud's Bakery, on East Main Street, where he will constantly keep on hand for the accommodation of those who may favor him with a call—Fresh Pies, Cakes, Crackers, Bread, and also, Nuts, Fruits, Candies, Cigars of the best quality, and a good article of Chewing Tobacco always on hand; besides many other necessaries and luxuries not here mentioned.

No pains or expenses will be spared to get up every article to suit the customers.

Clinton, Illinois, June 7, 1860-tf

J. J. ANDREWS,
DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOT and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c.

v3n21 North side Square, Clinton, Ills.

The Biggest Stock
—OF—
FALL
CLOTHING
At J. & E. GOLDSMITHS'
Clothing
HOUSE,
Warner & Lintner's Block east of the Square,

Ever seen in Clinton!

JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST and most complete assortment of

All the Latest Styles Of Fall

Clothing,

FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, &c., &c.,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET.

Bought for the Cash!

—And will sold the same way—

CHEAPER

Than ever before known.

CALL AND SEE THIS

MAMMOTH STOCK

And buy yourself a new suit before cold weather comes upon you.

—ALSO—

A large assortment of FINE GOLD JEWELRY, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES; also a fine collection of SETH THOMAS EIGHT DAY CLOCKS.

J. & E. GOLDSMITH.

Clinton, Ills., Aug. 23, 1860.

STILL ON HAND.

New Stove store
—AND—
Tin Shop!
IN CLINTON.

The undersigned has established a NEW STOVE STORE and TIN SHOP, at his store room,

SOUTH SIDE OF THE SQUARE,

In the room formerly occupied by Goldsmith's Clothing store, where he keeps on hand and for sale,

All Kinds of Stoves and Tin-Ware,

☞ All kinds of Tin and Copper Job Work Roofing, Spouting, &c., done to order, as cheap as can be done in Central Illinois.

☞ The highest price IN CASH, paid for Hides at all times. WILLIAN CLAUG.

Clinton, Ills., July 16, 1860.

New
CHAIR SHOP,
IN CLINTON!

J. J. ROBINSON

HAS commenced business in Clinton in the Tin Shop, formerly occupied by A. P. Atherton, North of the Court-House, where he will make and repair all kinds of chairs, in the best style and on short notice.

Also, will continue

To Paint Signs

In the most approved style. Also, will make Large Spinning-Wheels to order.

☞ All work warranted,
July 19th, 1860-tf.

FAIRBANKS'
PATENT
SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
FAIRBANKS & GREENLEAF
35 *Lake Street, Chicago.*

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine

Clinton, Ills., April 12, 1860-6m.

Phillips & Bishops,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
Drugs,
MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
Paints, Dyes, Oils, Books & Stationary,
WALL & WRAPPING PAPER, &c., &c.
East Side of the Public Square,

AMERICAN
Insurance Company.
FREEPORT, - - - - ILLINOIS

THE business of this company is conducted both upon the Stock and mutual plan, as the Applicant may elect, at reasonable rates.—Especial attention given to the insurance of FARM PROPERTY and

DETACHED DWELLINGS!

No more than $2,000 will be insured in any one risk, and that amount only upon the

SAFEST KIND OF PROPERTY.

OFFICERS:
A. P. Long, President, Chas. L. Currier, Sec'y.
W. A. Pennell, Vice President, C. V. Moon, Treasurer.

☞ Policies issued on the most favorable terms by CHARLES H. DENNETT,
Sept. 29, 1859. Agent at Clinton

Trustee's Sale.

WHEREAS, John Keever did on the 27th day of February, A. D., 1857, execute to me a certain deed of trust, bearing date on the day aforesaid, of the premises hereinafter described, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes as follows, to-wit: The first for $500, due January 1, 1858; the second for $500 due January 1, 1859; the third for $1057,50, due Jan. 1, 1860; the fourth for $1057,50, due Jan. 1, 1861; the fifth for $1057,50, due Jan. 1, 1862, and the 6th for $1057,50, due Jan. 1, 1863, each note to draw ten per cent. from payable annually, on the first day of January, in each year, which deed of trust was recorded in the Clerk's office, of DeWitt county, Illinois, in Book of Mortgages number 1, page 301, and whereas, default has been made in the payment of the note due January 1, 1860, and also the interest due on some of said notes, Now, therefore public notice is hereby given that I will sell public auction at the east door of the Court House, in Clinton, county and State aforesaid, the following real estate, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 31, Town 20, range 3, east, containing 80 acres, more or less; Also, the NW qr. of section 32, Town 20, north range 3 east of the 3d principal meridian 160 acres, more or less; Also, the west half of the north-east quarter section 32, town 20, north range 3 east, containing 80 acres, more or less; said sale to be held on the 10th day of October, A. D., 1860, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M., and 4 P. M., on said day. Said sale will be of said land and improvements thereon, for the purpose set forth in said deed. A deed will be executed to the purchaser at said sale in pursuance of the power contained in said deed.

DUDLEY RICHARDS, Trustee.
Jan. 4, 1860.

State of Illinois, De Witt County, ss.

Milton Swigart
VS. } In Chancery, bill to foreclose Mortgage
David Young and Geo. W. Swigart.

NOTICE is hereby given to you, the said David Young, that a bill in chancery to foreclose a mortgage, has been filed against you and Geo. W. Swigart in the circuit court of said county, that a subpoena has been issued against you, returnable on the first day of the October Term of said Court, A. D. 1860, and unless you appear at said court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you.

ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.
August 2, 1860-3w-$3 50.

State of Illinois, De Witt County, ss.

John J. McGraw, Master in Chancery, who petitions for the use of the heirs of F. Stipp, deceased.

VS. } In chancery, bill to foreclose a mortgage

Jesse G. Woodard. Isabella Woodard. William Churchill, Rufus M. Johnson, Chas A. Shepherd, Geo. H. Fox, Cornelius Oakley, jr., Henry A. Morgan, Solomon Smith, James Murphy, Samuel K. Wilkins, Geo. Henson, Benj. F. Webster, Samuel M. Steele, Zachariah Marsh, Elston Marsh, John K. Myers, Wm. A. Haines, Wm. N. Halstead, Robert Black, Margaret Black, John Adkisson, Barzilla Campbell, Isaac H. Straine, Washington Allsop, Joshua H. Jones, Jesse N. Bolles, Frederick J. Gonant, McLean County Bank.

NOTICE is hereby given to the said William Churchill, Rufus M. Johnson, Chas. A. Shepherd, Geo. H. Fox, Cornelius Oakley, jr., Henry A. Morgan, Solomon Smith, James Murphy, Saml. K. Wilkins, Geo. Henson, Benj. F. Webster, Saml. M. Steele, Zachariah Webster, Elston Marsh, John K. Myers, Wm. A. Haines, Wm. N. Halstead, Jesse N. Bolles and Frederick J. Gonant, that a bill in chancery to foreclose a mortgage has been filed against you and others in the circuit court of said county, and that a subpoena has been issued against you, returnable on the first day of the October term of said court, A. D. 1860, and unless you appear at said court, and plead, answer, or demur, to said bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you. ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.

August 2, 1860-3w $7 00

New Bakery
AND CONFECTIONERY,
On Moore and McGraw's Corner,
CLINTON, ILLINOIS

JOHN W. GARDNER,

WOULD ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIZENS of Clinton and vicinity that he just opened a bakery and confectionery store on Moore & McGraw's Corner, where he will constantly keep on hand for the accommodation of his customers—

Pies,
Cake,
Crackers,
Fresh Bread,
—And also—
Nuts,
Fruits,
Cigars,
Tobacco,

☞ Besides many other necessaries and luxuries too numerous to mention.

☞ Give us a call, and we will endeavor to suit you in prices, quantity and quality.

Clinton, Ills., Sept. 1, 1859.—tf.

War! War!

WAR WITH MEXICO!!!

Vera Cruz Taken!

☞ Having bought the stock of

TIN-WARE
Stoves, &c.,

Formerly kept by D. C. Jones, I would call the attention of all in need of a good

Cooking, Parlor, or Heating Stove,

That I have a full stock, which will be sold at

Prices to Suit the Times!

The Tin Business will be carried on at the old stand, south-west corner of the Square.

☞ Repairing and Job Work done to order.

M. A. ATHERTON.
A. P. ATHERTON, Agent.
Clinton, Illinois, March 29, 1860—tf.

THE "EXCELSIOR"

HAS again been called into requisition, and may be found for the present near the post-office, where it is hoped the ambrotype public will again honor it with a visit, and note its present facilities for catering to the wants of the most fastidious patrons of that art. Its pretensions will be allowed to rest wholly on the verdict thus obtained.

May 24, 1860. A. O. ALEXANDER.

T. RASBACH,

MANUFACTURER OF BROOMS AND Brushes, East of Railroad Depot, Clinton, Ills. Two thousand dozen brooms for sale very cheap. [v4-n12

INSURANCE COMPANY,
ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Cash Capital, One Million Dollars.

I will issue polices on the above named Company on the most favorable terms. Dwelling houses insured for five years.

Aug. 18, tf. L. WELDON, Agt.

State of Illinois, DeWitt County, Circuit Court.

Mariah Scott VS. Martin P. Scott.

NOTICE is hereby given to you, the said Martin P. Scott, that affidavit has been filed in said court against you, that a subpoena has been issued, returnable on the first day of the October Term, 1860, and that, unless you appear in said court at the time and place aforesaid, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you.

ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.
July 19th, 1860-4t $3

State of Illinois, DeWitt County, Circuit Court.

John J. McGraw,
VS. } Petition for Partition.
Mary W. Lewis, Robert Lewis, Archibald B. Lewis, jr., Mary C. Bishop, and Wm. Bishop, her husband, Eliza Lewis, Frances F. Lewis, and John L. Lewis.

NOTICE is hereby given to the said Archibald B. Lewis that a petition for partition has been filed against you and others in the circuit court of said county, that a subpoena has been issued against you, returnable on the first day of the October Term of said court, A. D. 1860, and unless you appear at said court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you.

ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.
July 19th, 1860-4t $4

SHERIFF'S SALE.

James Karr for the use of Wm. Bolin, VS. Jas. F. Brown and Geo. F. Brown.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1860, at the door of the court-house in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

N hf of nw qr of sec 25, town 21, north range 2 east.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.

August 2, 1860-3t $3 50

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Sarah Page VS. Timothy Page.

By virtue of a fee-bill execution to me directed, I will offer for sale on the 1st day of September, 1860, at the door of the court-house, in Clinton, DeWitt county, Illinois, the following described real estate, to-wit:

N hf of sw qr of sw qr of sec 21, town 20, north range 4 east.

Sale to commence during the legal hours of said day. No bid will be received unless costs are paid. DECATUR POOL, Sheriff.

By F. E. MORGAN, Deputy.
August 9, 1860-$2

Notice.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Thornton F. Cundiff, late of DeWitt county, Illinois, deceased, will make application at the September Term of the DeWitt County Court on the first day thereof for an order to sell the following described real estate to-wit: The ne qr of the se qr of sec 16, town 19, north range 4 east, to pay the debts of said deceased—the personal property being insufficient. B. J. CUNDIFF,

July 19th, 1860-3w. Administrator.

Notice

IS hereby given, that I will attend before the Probate court of DeWitt county, Illinois, on the first day of the August term thereof, 1860, for the purpose of settling all claims against the estate of Isaac Dill, deceased, late of DeWitt co

July 5, 1860. JONAH LINGLE, Adm'r

Clocks! Clocks!
AT R. H. WHEELER'S
New Jewelry Store

ON EAST MAIN STREET, CLINTON, ILLINOIS.

NOW is your time to buy a Good Clock!!! Seth Thomas Clocks sold from $5 to $8, such as have sold before for from $10 to $15. Also, Silver-Ware, Spectacles, and in fact everything that is commonly kept in a jewelry store.

The highest price paid for old gold or silver.

All kinds of watch and clock work done, and all kinds of jewelry repaired on short notice.

Orders from a distance strictly attended to.

April 19th, 1860-3m.

HARTFORD
Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated, A. D. 1810.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Authorized capital, - - - -	$1,000,000
Capital paid in, - - - - -	500,000
Surplus, over, - - - - - -	436,000

The reputation acquired by this Company during the last fifty years, by an honorable course in the transaction of its business, and the prompt and liberal settlement of Losses, together with the character of the securities composing its Assets, entitle the Company to the utmost confidence of the public, as affording reliable Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire.

CHARLES H. DENNETT, Agent.
Feb 16, 1860-6m

A FINE LOT OF COOKING AND EATING APPLES just received from the South, by D. A. ROSENCRANS.

TO DEBTORS!

All persons indebted to the firm of McIrvin Cope & Co., and L. H. & I. S. Cope, by note or book account, will please call and settle by the first of September, or the same will be put in the hands of proper officers for collection.—The notes and accounts are in our hands.

Aug. 16, 1860-tf L. H. & I. S. COPE.

Dr. I. MORRIS,

RESIDENT DENTIST, can be found at all times at J. J. Kegarice's Tailor Shop on the west side of the Public Square.

State of Illinois, De Witt County, ss.

Lewis E. Gordon
VS. } Petition to correct deed and relief.
David Hougham, Administrator, &c., Andrew Hougham, Jonathan Harrall, Rebecca Harrall, Geo. W. Vittatoe, Jacob Crothers, Louisa Crothers, John M. Wooster, Marion Wooster, Elizabeth Hougham, Ira Hougham, and —— Hougham.

NOTICE is hereby given to you, Andrew Hougham, George W. Vittatoe, Mary Vittatoe, Jacob Crothers, Louisa Crothers, Jno. M. Wooster, Marion Wooster, that affidavit has been filed in said court, that you are non-residents of this State, and that a petition to correct a deed and for relief has also been filed against you and others in said court, that a subpoena has been issued against you, returnable on the first day of the October term of said court, A. D. 1860, and unless you appear at said court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be taken for confessed against you.

ROBERT LEWIS, Clerk.
August 2d, 1860-3w-$5 00

Plows. Plows.
AT THE
DeWITT CO. LUMBER YARD!
E. KENT & CO.,

Having been appointed Agents for the sale of the celebrated

MOLINE PLOWS,

manufactured by Deere & Co., at Moline, Ills., would beg leave to inform the Farmers of DeWitt county, that they can be supplied with all kinds of plows of the above manufacture at the lowest retail price in Moline, and

ALL PLOWS WARRANTED!

We are also agents for the "Morris Corn Sheller," equal to anything of the kind in the State for the quality and quantity of work performed. E. KENT & CO.

March 22, 1860.

BOOTS & SHOES.

MEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES of all kinds
Boys Boots and Shoes of all kinds,
Ladies Kid Lace Boots.
Ladies Morocco Lace Boots.
Ladies Cloth Congress Gaiters.
Misses Cloth Congress Gaiters.
Misses Kid Lace Boots.

☞ If you want a good pair of Kip Boots made to order, give us a call.

If any of the ladies want a shoe made or mended, give us a call.

We can make anything in the shape of a boot or shoe from a cack up to a patent leather boot.

☞ Give us a call, for we are bound to sell cheaper, than any other store in the city of Clinton.

☞ Place of business, North of Public Square, two doors East of Davey's shoe shop.

L. P. RUNDLETT.

Clinton, Ills., August 25th, 1859.—tf.

CHEAP
Furniture!

AT THE FURNITURE STORE OF

TIDBALL & BOGAR,
WEST OF THE COURT HOUSE,
Clinton, - - - Illinois

We take pleasure in informing our friends and patrons and the public generally, that we have now on hand a very large assortment of

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE,

Comprising one of the most complete stocks in this section of the State.

We invite those from all parts of the county desirous of purchasing anything in our line to call and examine our stock. We are certain we can please. Custom work made to order in the most substantial manner, and from the best material.

We will sell our furniture as low as any house in the West.

Undertaking!

We are prepared with ample stock and an elegant hearse to attend to all calls in this line.

July 31, 1858. TIDBALL & BOGAR.

Public Sale!
OF
SWAMP LANDS!
IN DEWITT COUNTY

BY a resolution of the Board of Supervisors I am directed to give public notice of the sale of the following described swamp and overflowed lands belonging to DeWitt county:

Part of section.	section.	T.	R.	Acres.
SW NW	27	19	1	40
NE NW	27	19	1	40
NW ¼	33	19	1	160
S hf SW	33	19	1	80
Lot 1 NE	1	19	4	80
E hf lot 2 NW	1	19	4	38
NE SE	1	19	4	40
Lot 2 NE	5	19	4	75
NE SE	5	19	4	40
SW SW	9	19	4	40
NE qr	13	19	4	160
NW NW	13	19	4	40
S hf SE	13	19	4	80
SW SE	1	20	4	40
E hf NE	1	20	4	14
E hf SE	11	20	4	80
SW SE	11	20	4	40
SW NW	25	20	4	40
NW SW	25	20	4	40
E hf SW	25	20	4	80
SW Se	25	20	4	40
SW SW	33	20	4	40
SE SW	33	20	4	40
NW NE	13	21	4	40
N hf SW	17	21	4	80
SW NE	19	21	4	40
SE SE	27	21	4	40
NE S E	7	20	5	40
W hf SE	7	20	5	80
SE SE	8	20	5	40
N hf SE	18	20	5	80
SW SW	17	21	5	40

Upon the following conditions, viz: The land will be offered in forty acre tracts, at public auction, on the third day of each term of the Supervisor's Court, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the county reserving the right to set the price upon each tract, which will be sold to the highest bidder above the price fixed.

TERMS: One-fourth cash in hand, balance in equal payments of one and two years, the purchaser giving notes bearing ten per cent. interest. The county will give bond for a deed.

These lands lie in various portions of the county, and can be drained at a trifling cost.

JAMES E. STANSBURY,
March 22, 1860. County Clerk.

Mr. HETZEL,
At Goldsmiths' Clothing Store, on the Eastside of the Square,

An excellent watchmaker and jeweler, is always on hand ready to repair watches and jewelry—his work is warranted to give satisfaction.

He has also on hand a large and well-selected stock of clocks, watches and jewelry. Give him a call. [March 8, 1860.

Lumber! Lath!
SHINGLES, SASH!
DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

FURNISHED at *Lower Prices* than ever, either from the yards of E. Kent & Co., in Clinton and Wapella, or of Steers & Co., in Chicago.

F. A. ORMSBY,

Our Agent at Wapella, will at all times buy produce or sell Lumber, &c., on our account, at the ruling prices in Clinton, and he authorizes us to say that in the line of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails, House Trimmings, Groceries, Provisions, &c., of which he always keeps a full and fresh assortment, he will not be undersold in this or the adjoining counties.

N. B. We still pay the

Highest Markt Price,

For every kind of Country Produce in

CASH, or its Equivalent.

E. KENT & CO.
EMMETT KENT, [illegible]
STEERS & CO., Chicago.
March 22, 1860-tf